

GOTO Berlin 2019

"Good Enough" Architecture

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INOQ

(Software) Architecture Definitions

Fundamental concepts or properties of a system in its environment embodied in its elements, relationships, and in the principles of its design and evolution (ISO 42010)

Whatever the architect considers important enough to merit their attention

Architecture represents the significant design decisions that shape a system, where significant is measured by cost of change (Grady Booch)



Architecture is not an upfront activity performed by somebody in charge of telling everyone else what to do



Architecture is a property of a system, not a description of its intended design



Pick the best car:





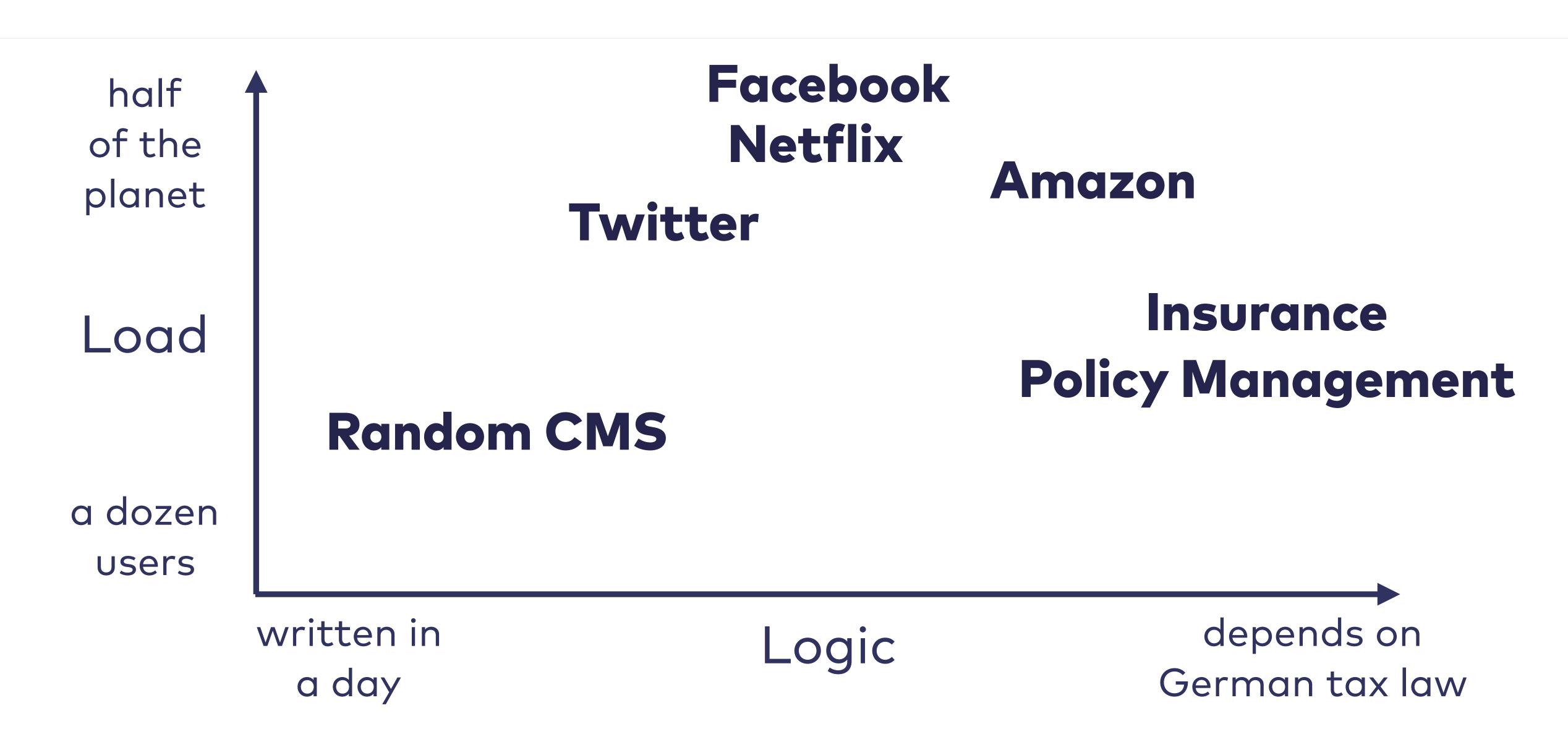




Quality



Scaling Dimensions



There is no "good" or "bad" architecture without context; architecture needs to take specific quality attributes into account



Cases

Context:

•

Observation(s):

•

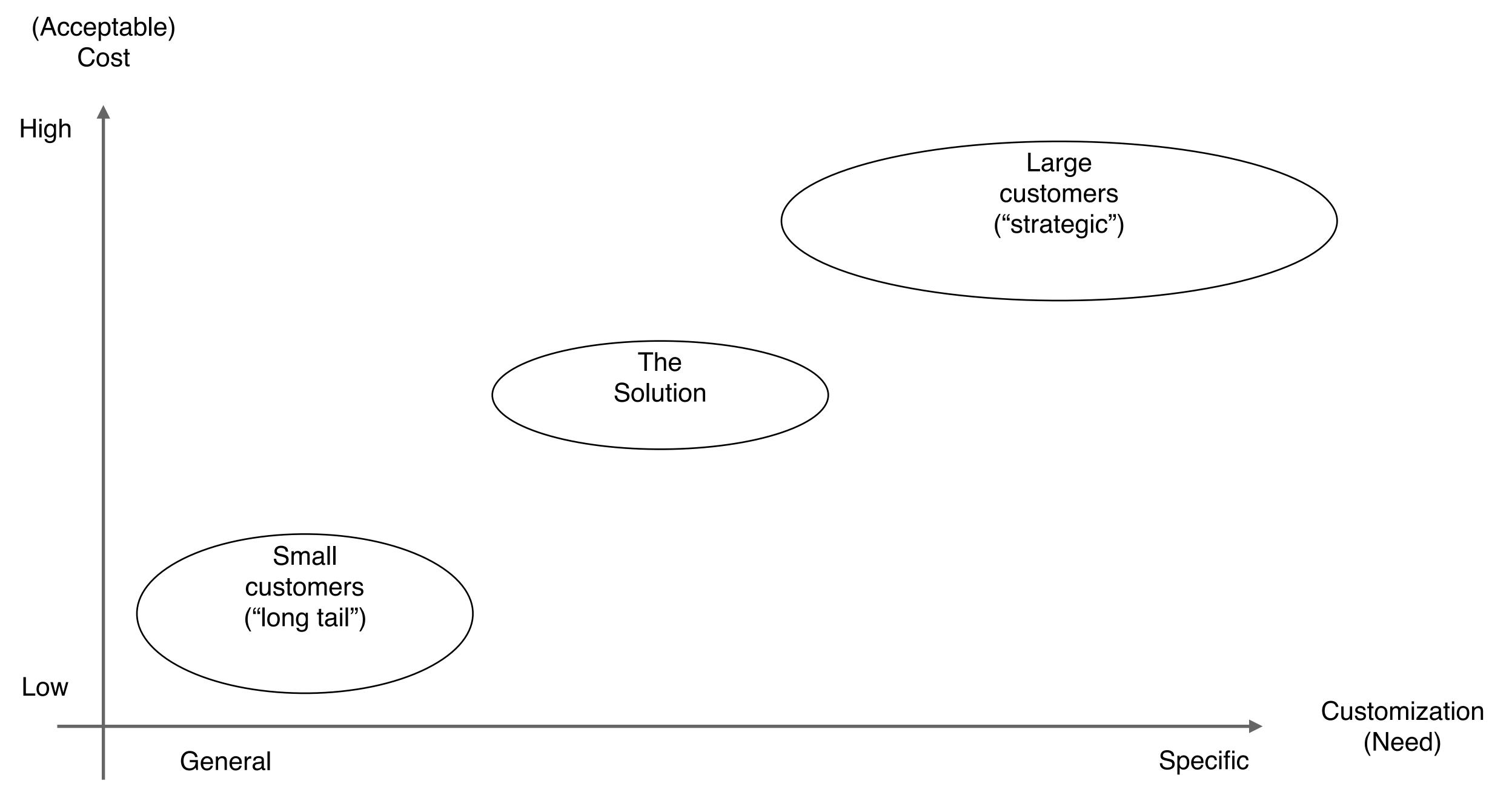
Lesson(s) learned:

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#1: Non-extensible Extensibility

Context

- E-Commerce (retail) provider
- Global customer base
- Catalog/CMS/Shop/Fulfillment
- Multi-tenant
- Highly customizable





If your design attempts to satisfy everyone, you'll likely end up satisfying no one

Highly specific code is often preferable to sophisticated configuration

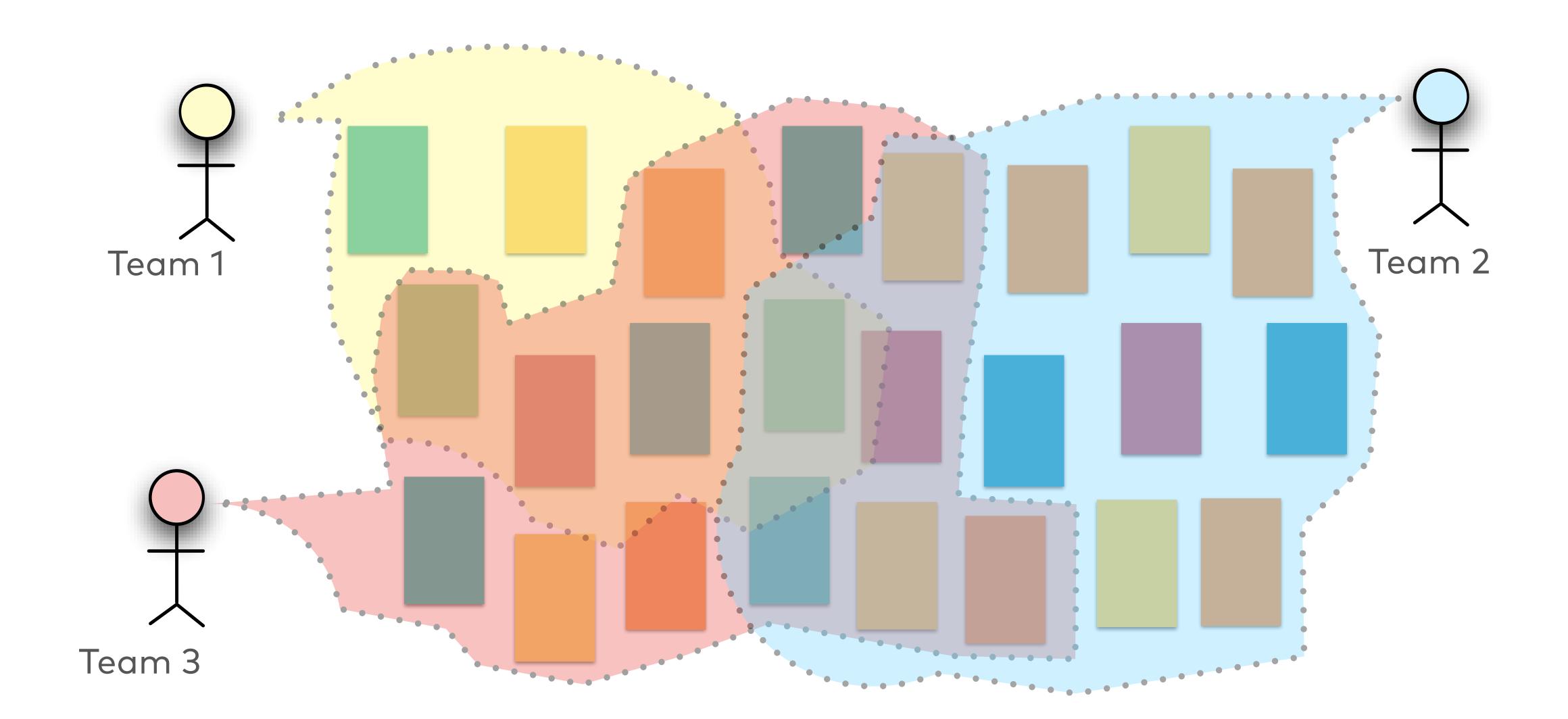


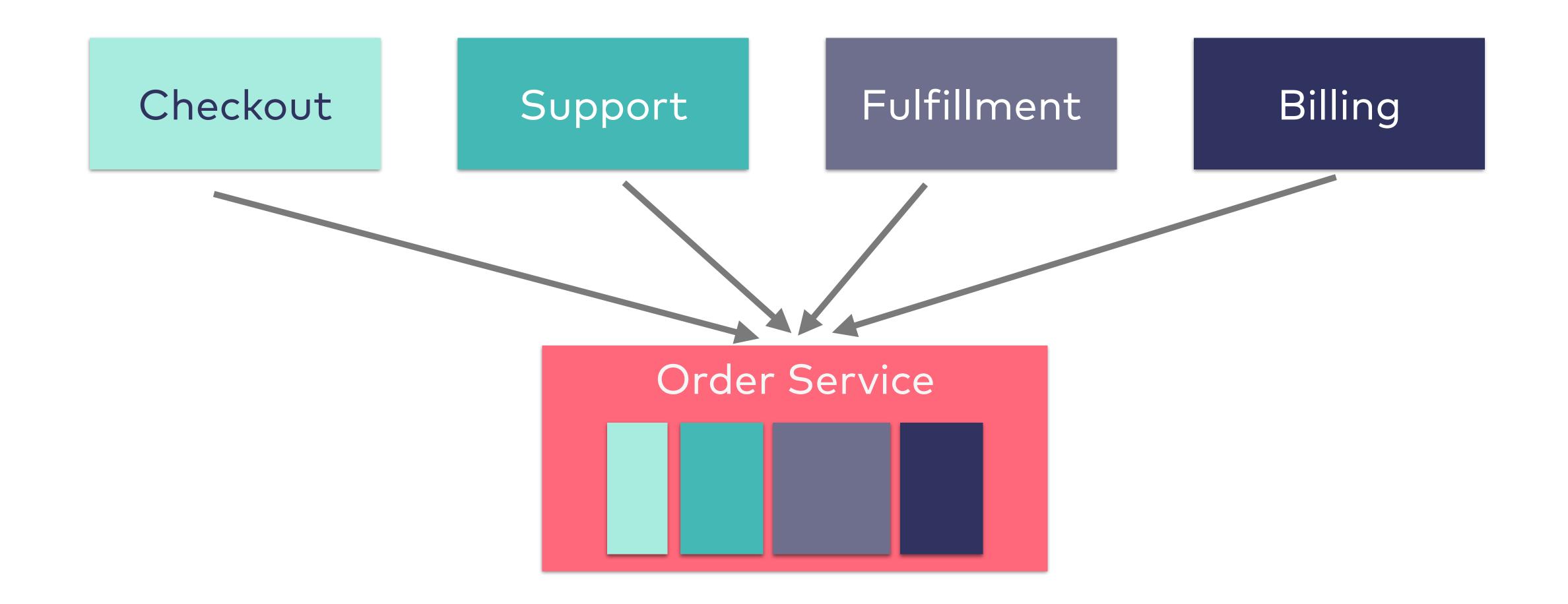
#2: Perilously fine-grained

Context

- Large-scale B2B food retailer
- New company-wide shop and logistics system
- >200 developers





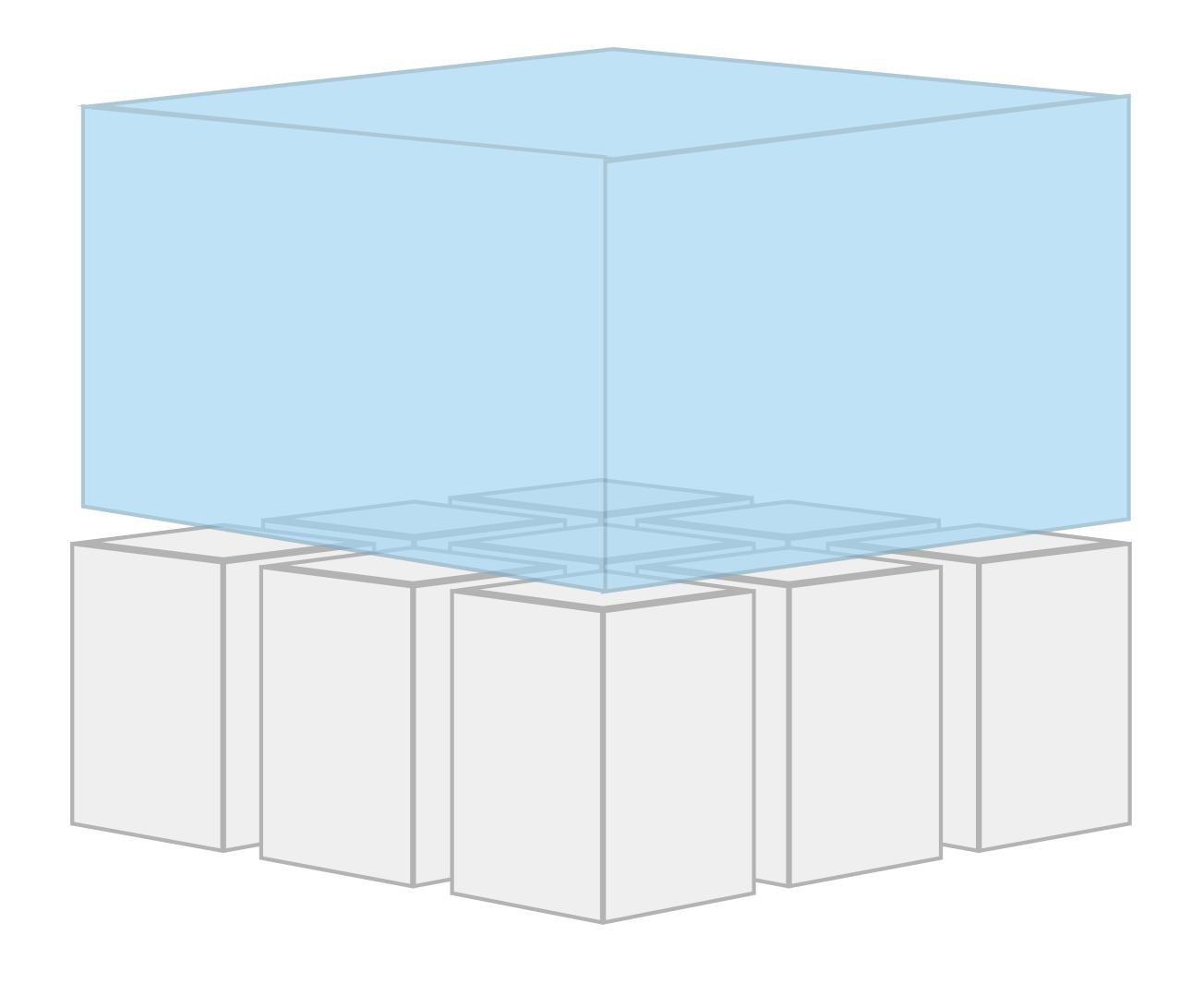


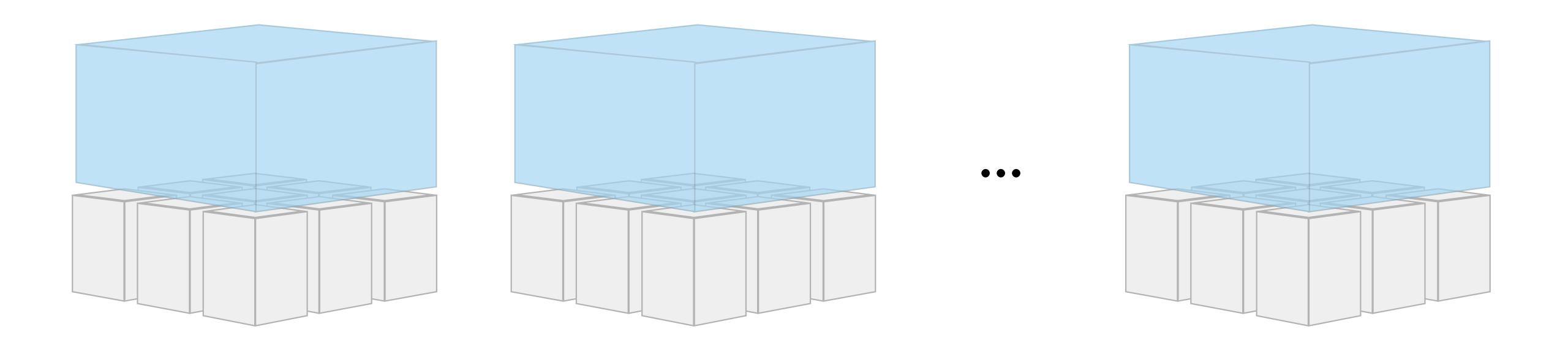


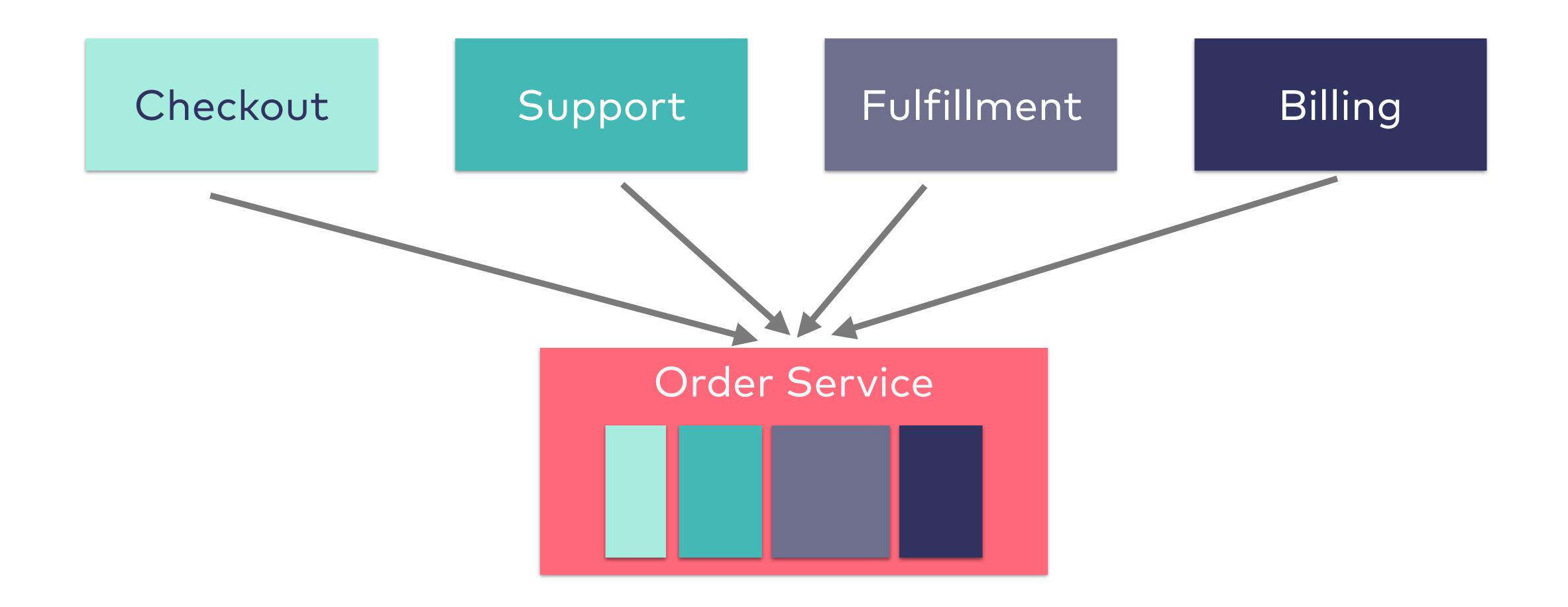
Why would you cut up your system into tiny, distributed, hard-to-manage fragments?

Everybody wants to be Netflix, but nobody is









Checkout Support Fulfillment Billing

Order Service

Lessons learned

- Small is not always beautiful
- Refactoring within team boundaries much easier than globally
- Ignore organizational parameters at your own risk

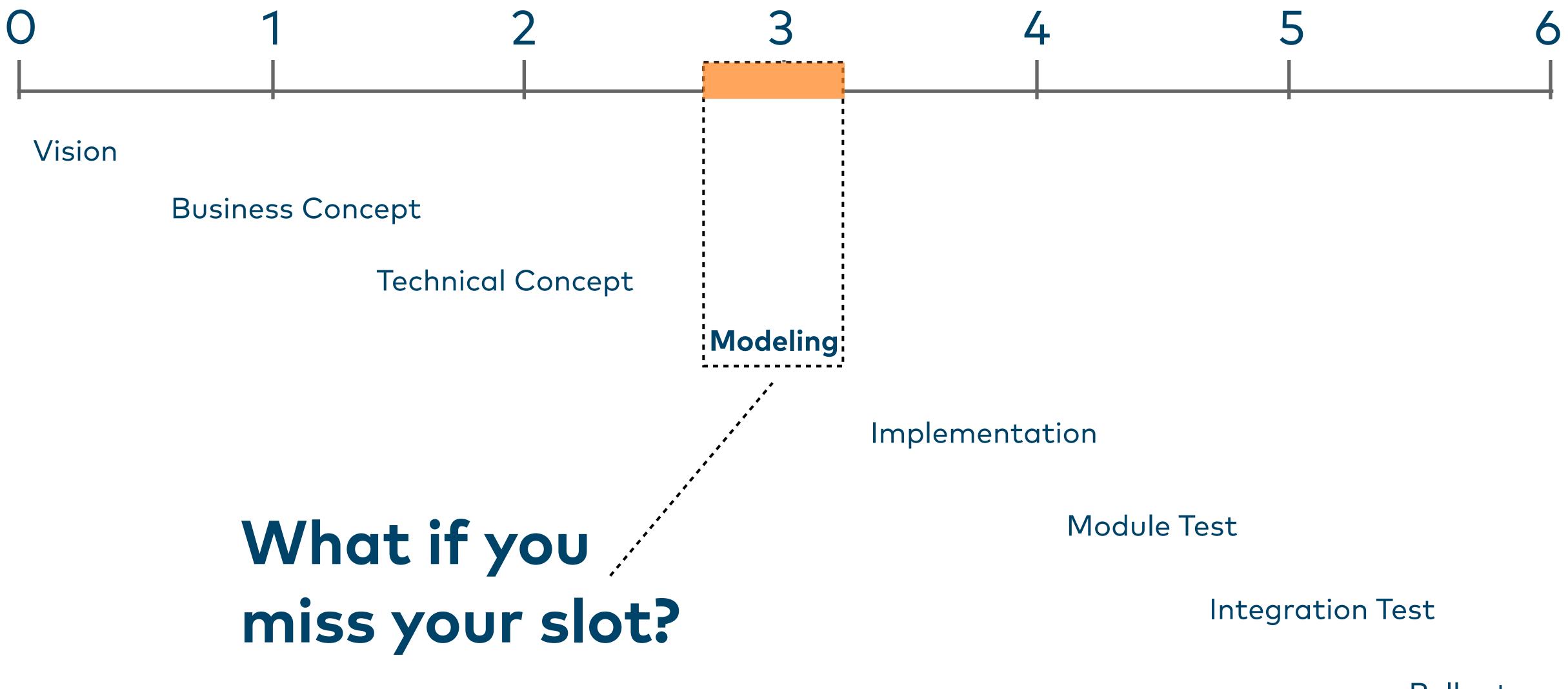


#3: Your system WILL be dynamic

Context

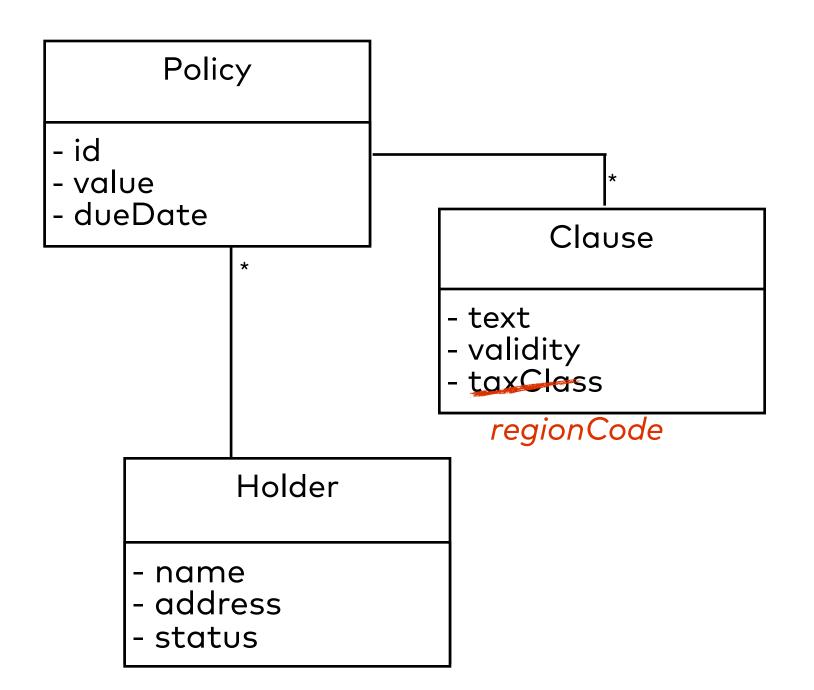
- Large-scale insurance system
- Model-driven development
- > 100 developers
- 2 Releases/year





Rollout





Model Name	New Name (Meaning)	Description	Release Introduced
taxClass	regionCode	•••	10.3
•••			



Lessons learned

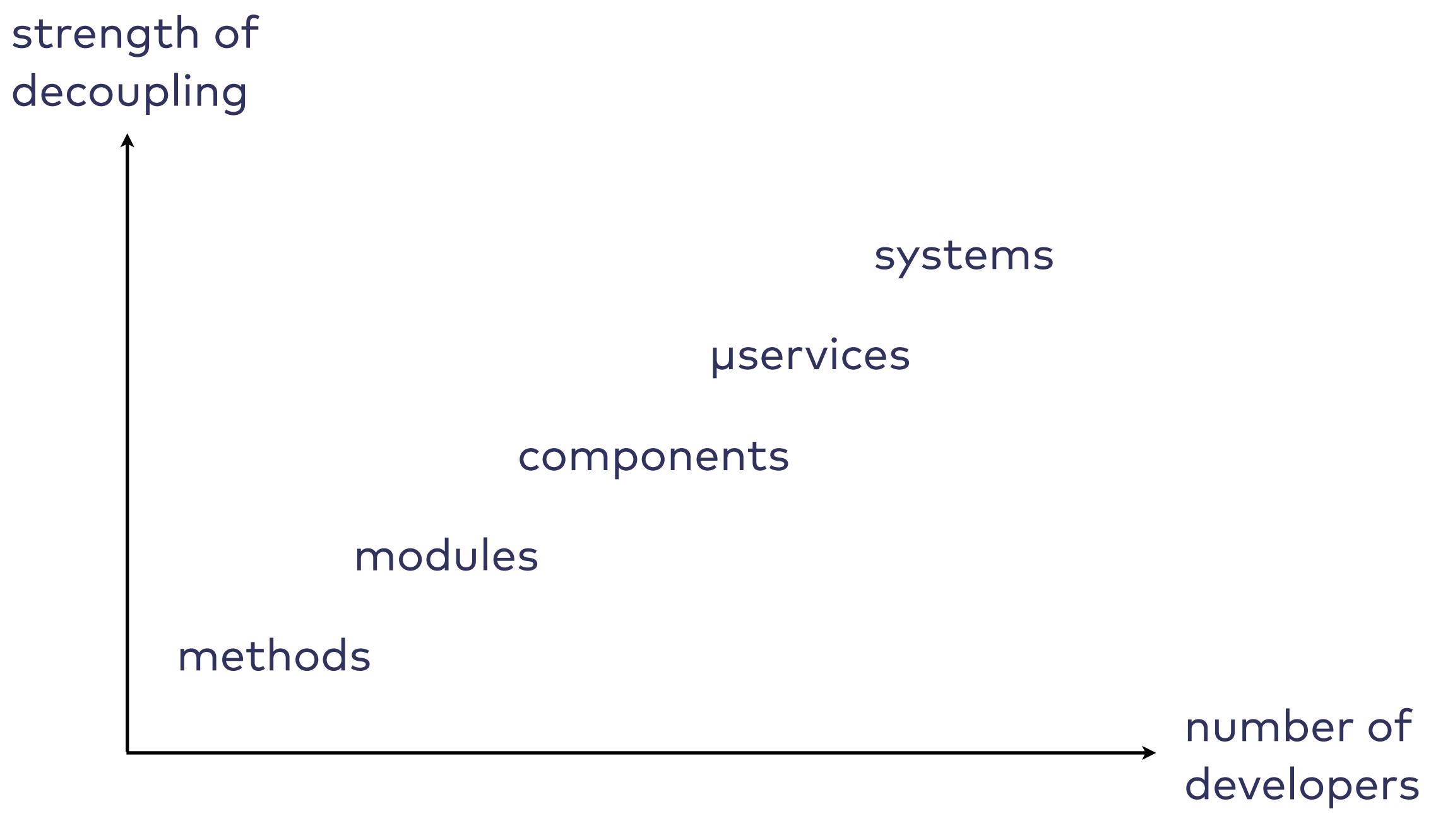
- Centralized responsibility hurts
- Faced with too much rigidity, a way around the rules will be found
- Just because you're used to it doesn't mean it's acceptable



#4: Free-style architecture

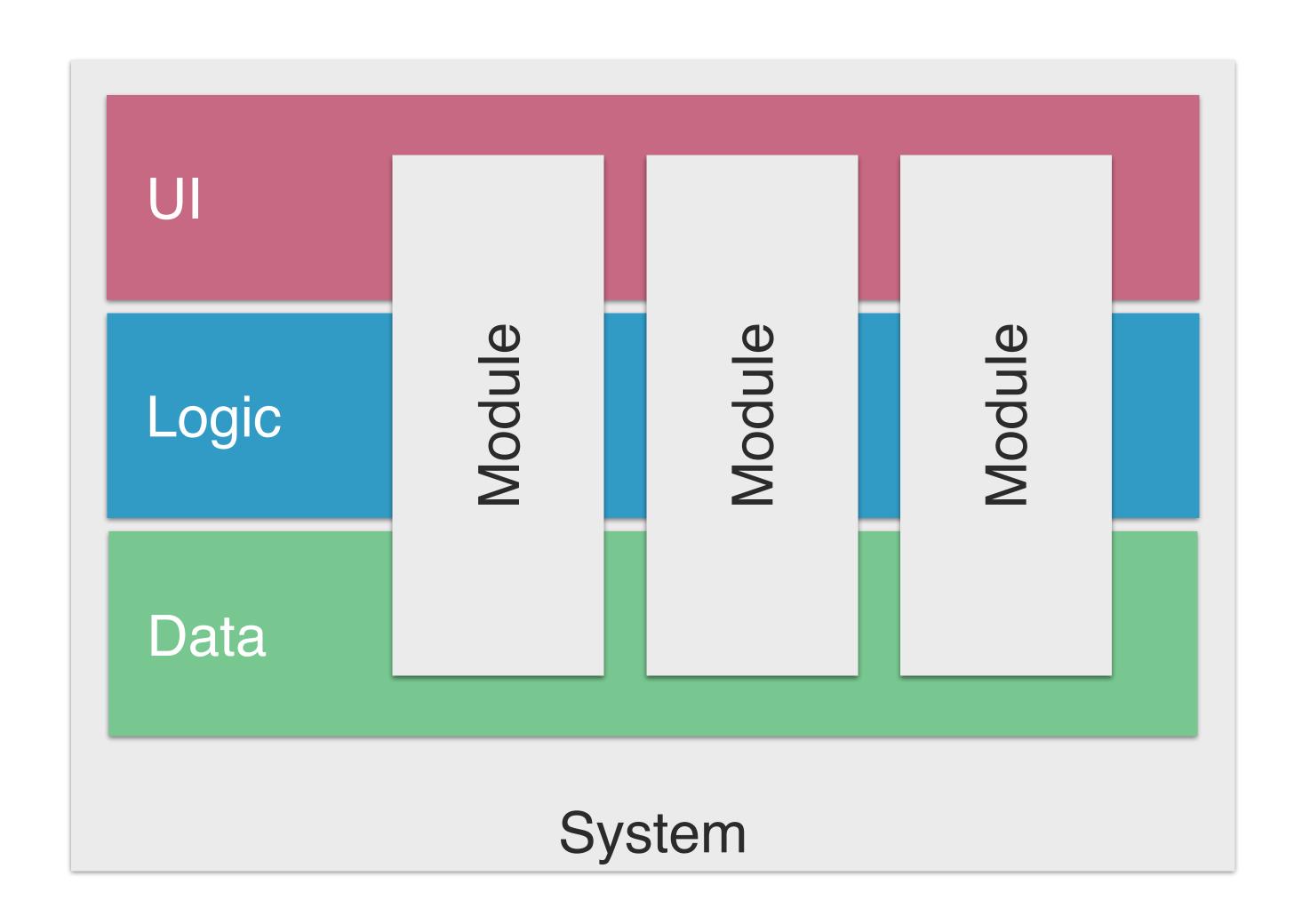
Context

- E-Commerce/Online shop (Retail)
- 100-120 developers
- ~10 self-contained teams

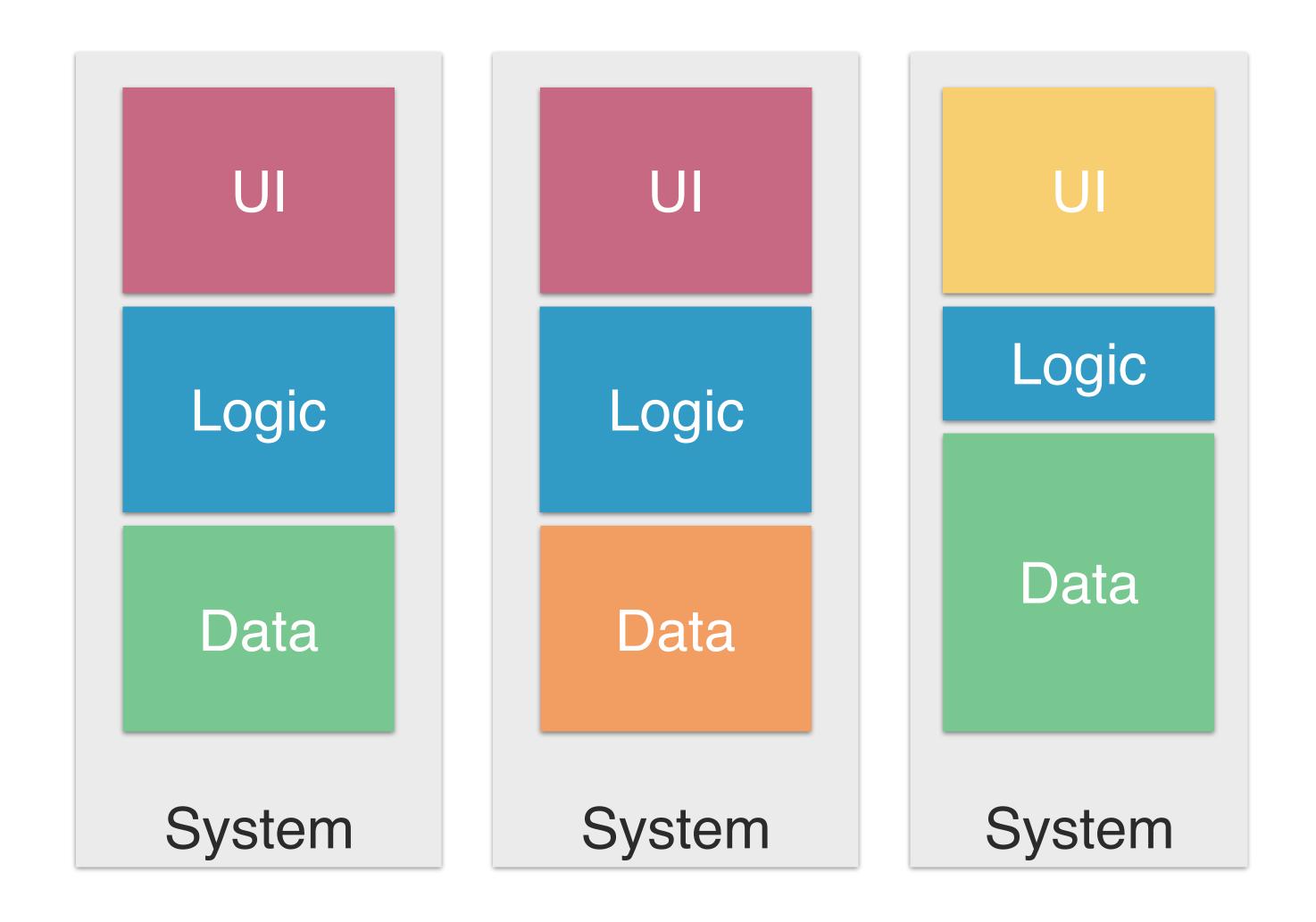


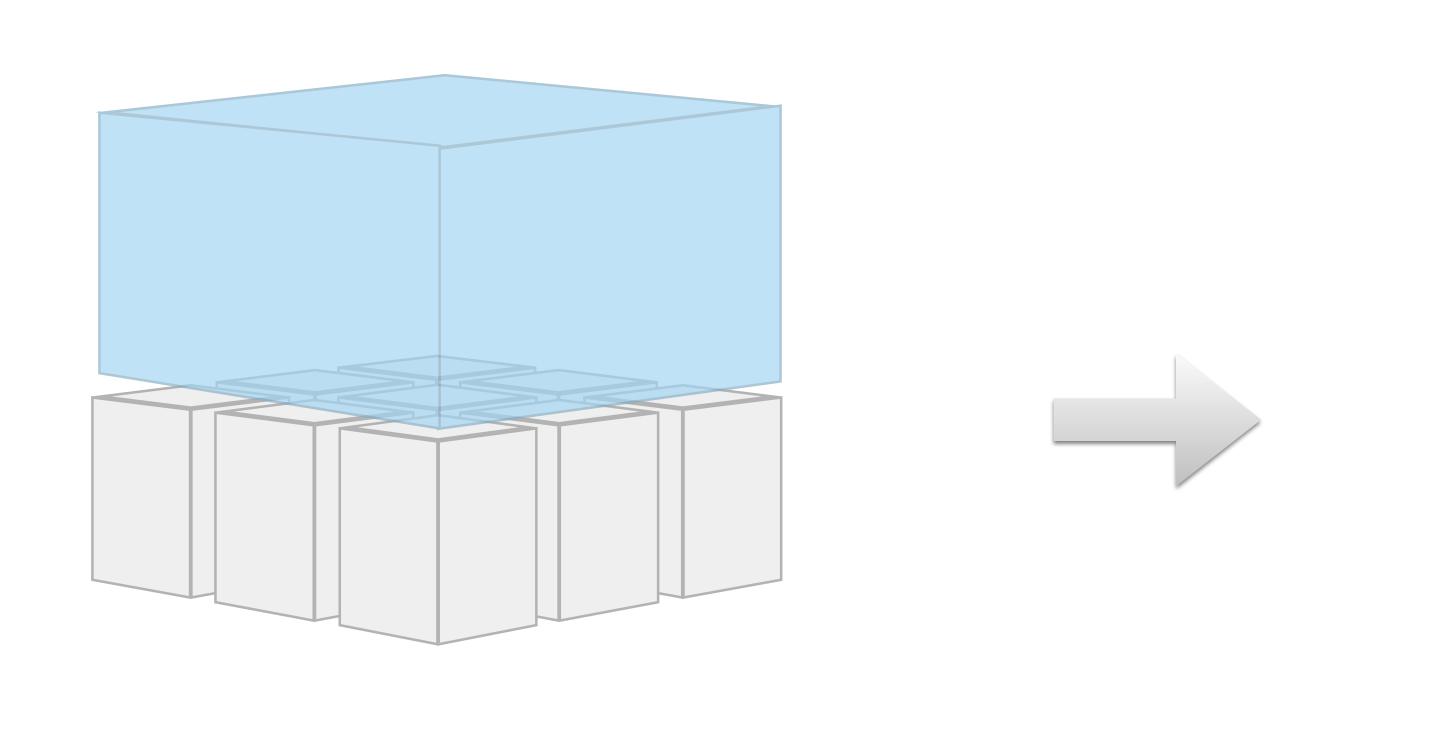
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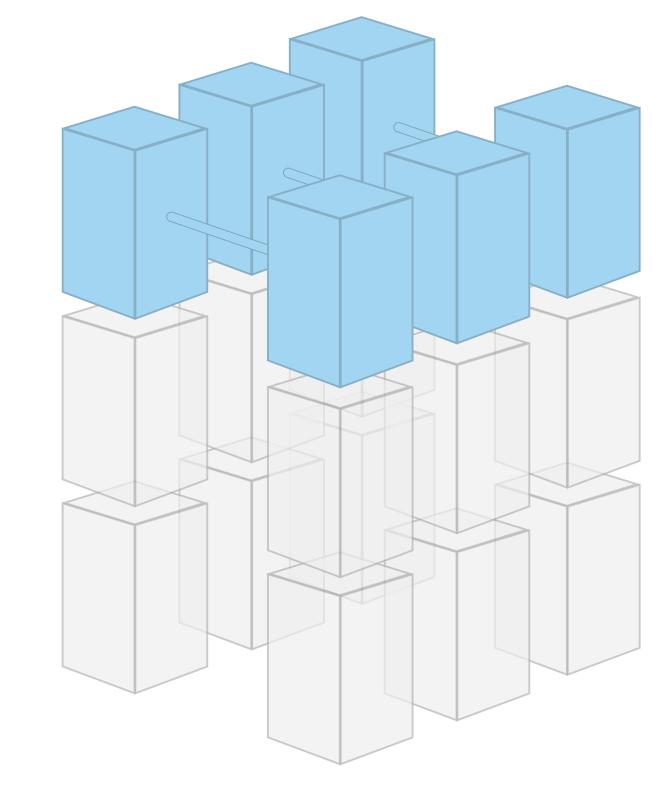
From a layered system ...



... to a system of systems







In-page
JavaScript method calls
Shared abstractions & frameworks
Common language runtime
HTML 5 JS platform

Cross-page
Links & redirects
Micro-architecture
HTTP
Standard Browser

But...

- Lack of standardization led to inefficient UI integration at runtime
- Vast differences in API style, formats, documentation created needless extra work
- Despite no centralised frontend, a central frontend team created a new bottle neck



You cannot decide to not have an architecture; if you don't actively create it, be prepared to deal with the one that emerges



There's a fine line between diversity (that adds value) and chaos (that doesn't)



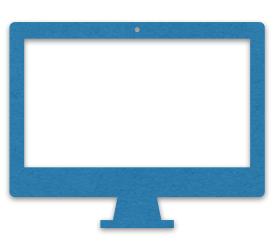
Extremely loose coupling requires very few rules, but they need to be enforced strictly



#5: Cancerous Growth

Context

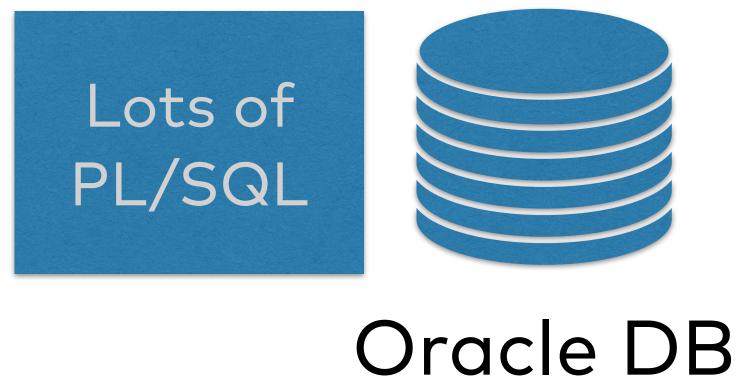
- Financial services provider with independent brokers as clients
- ~30 developers
- 20 years of company history

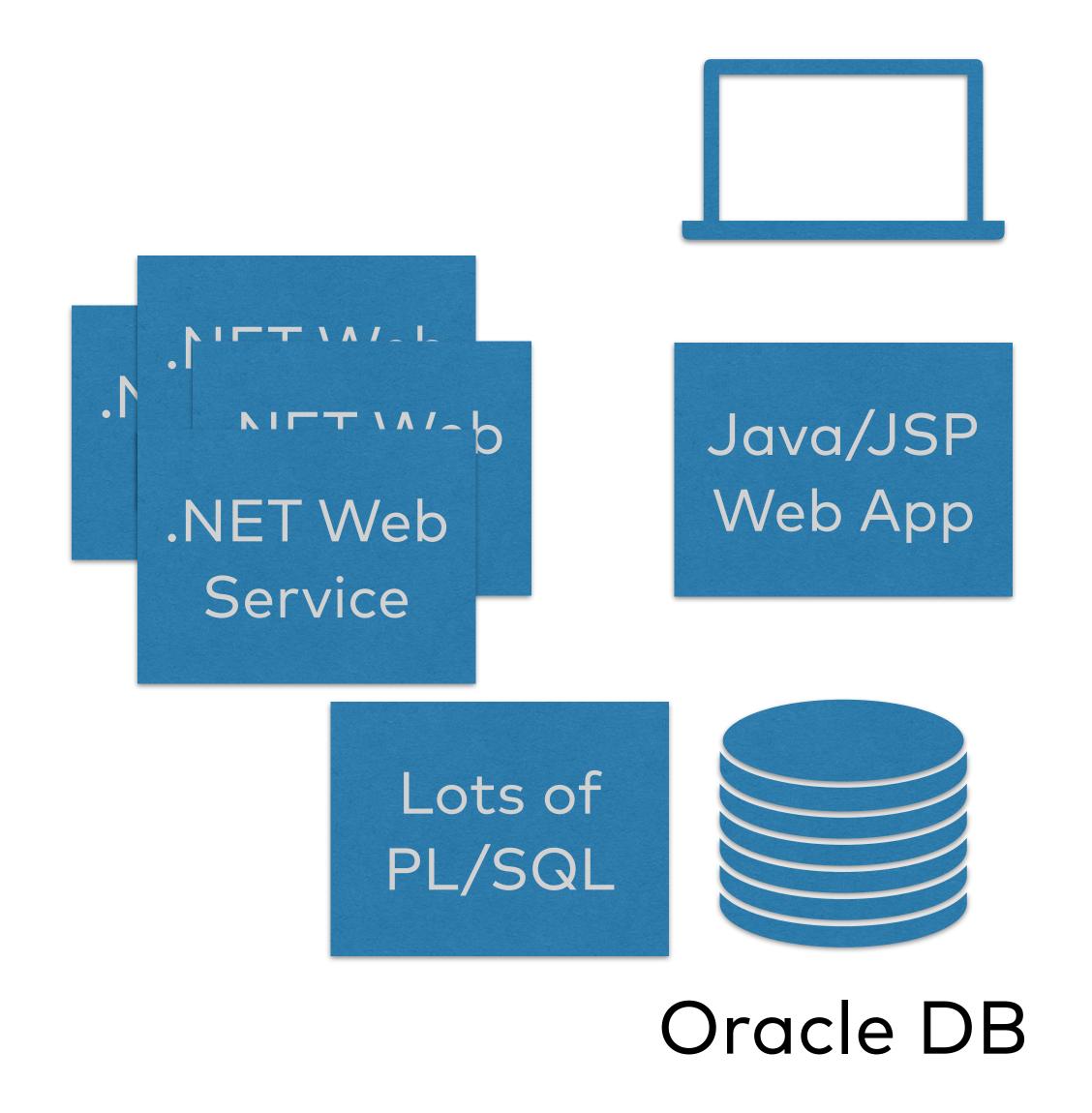


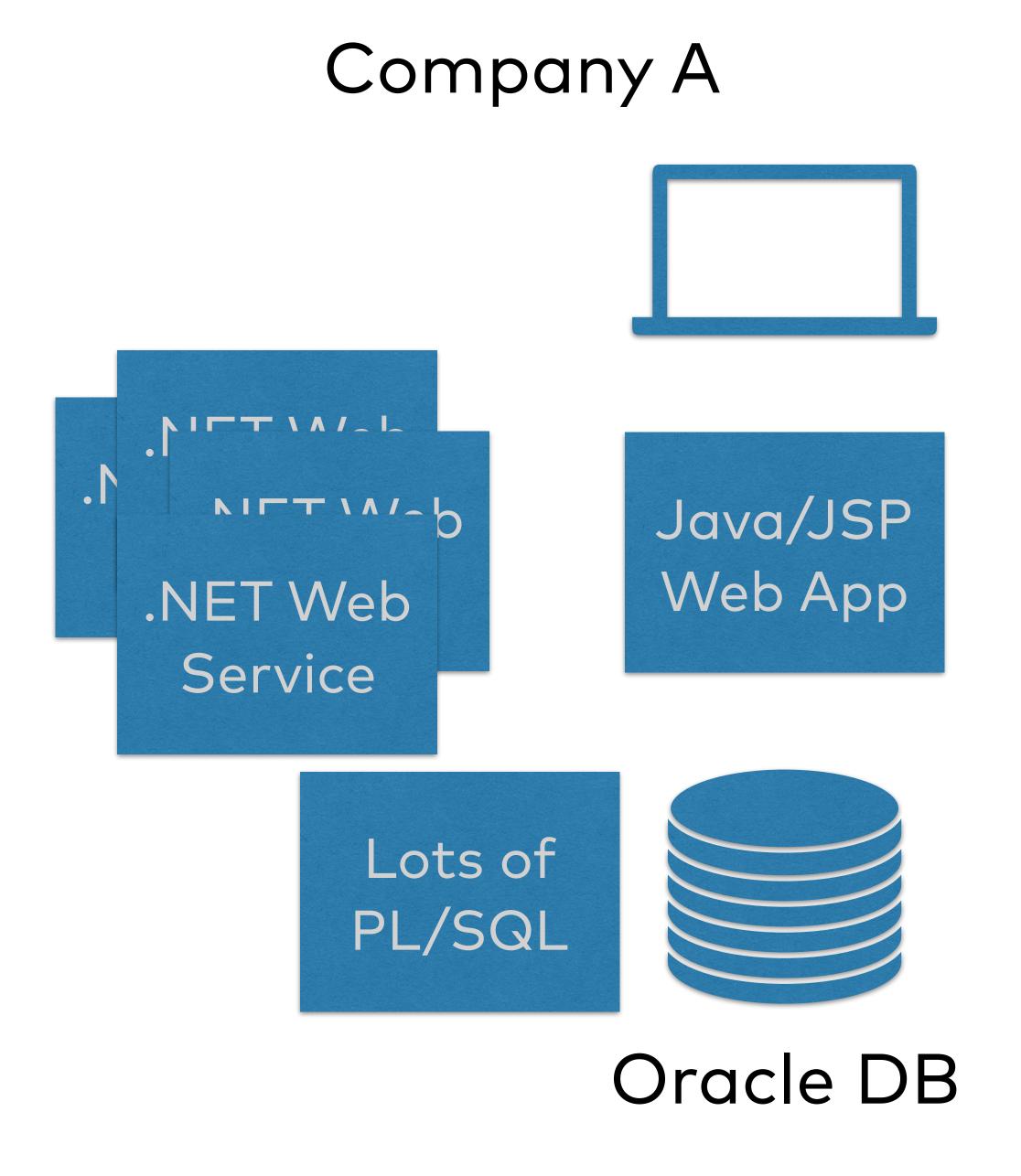
Oracle Forms App

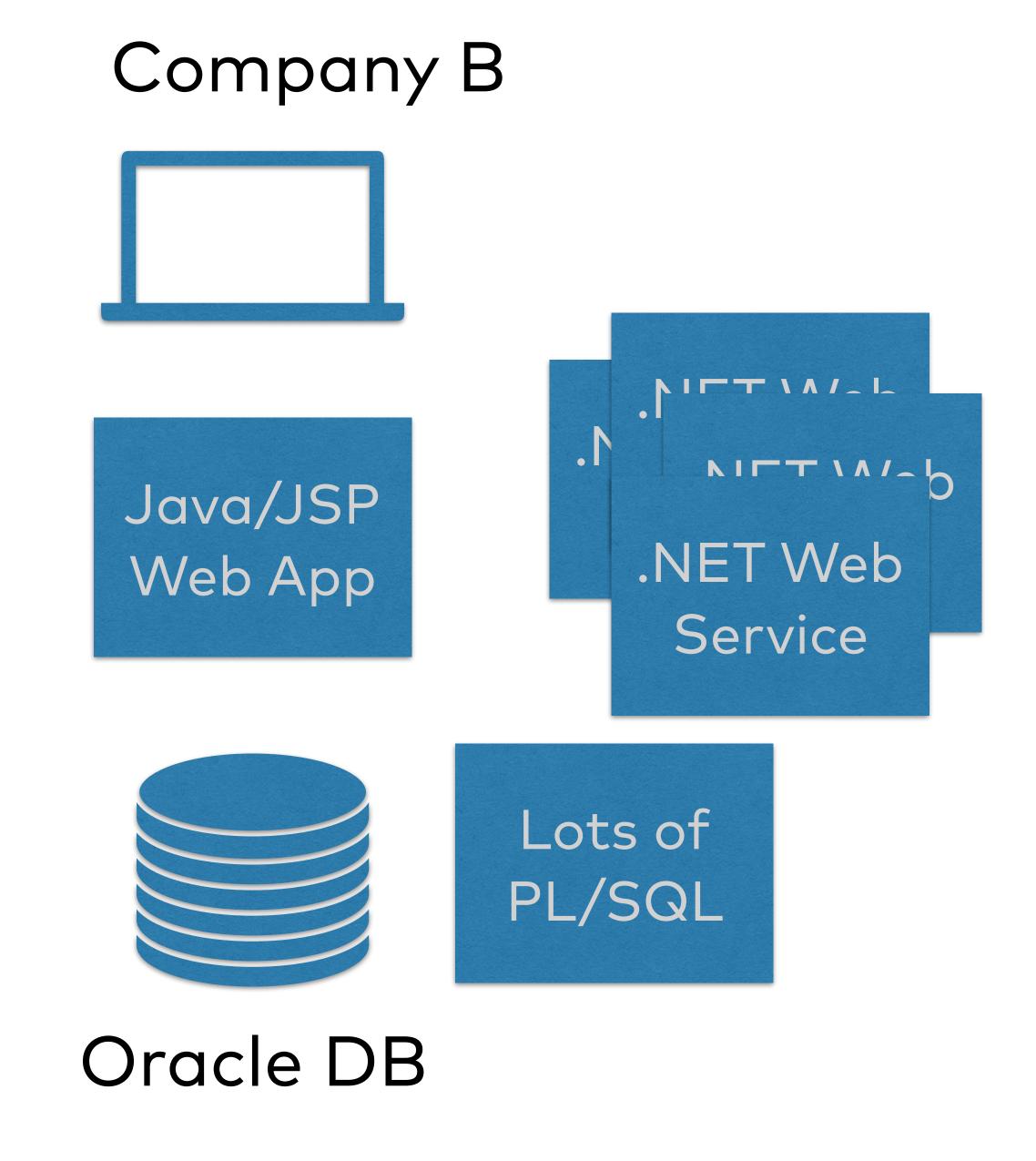


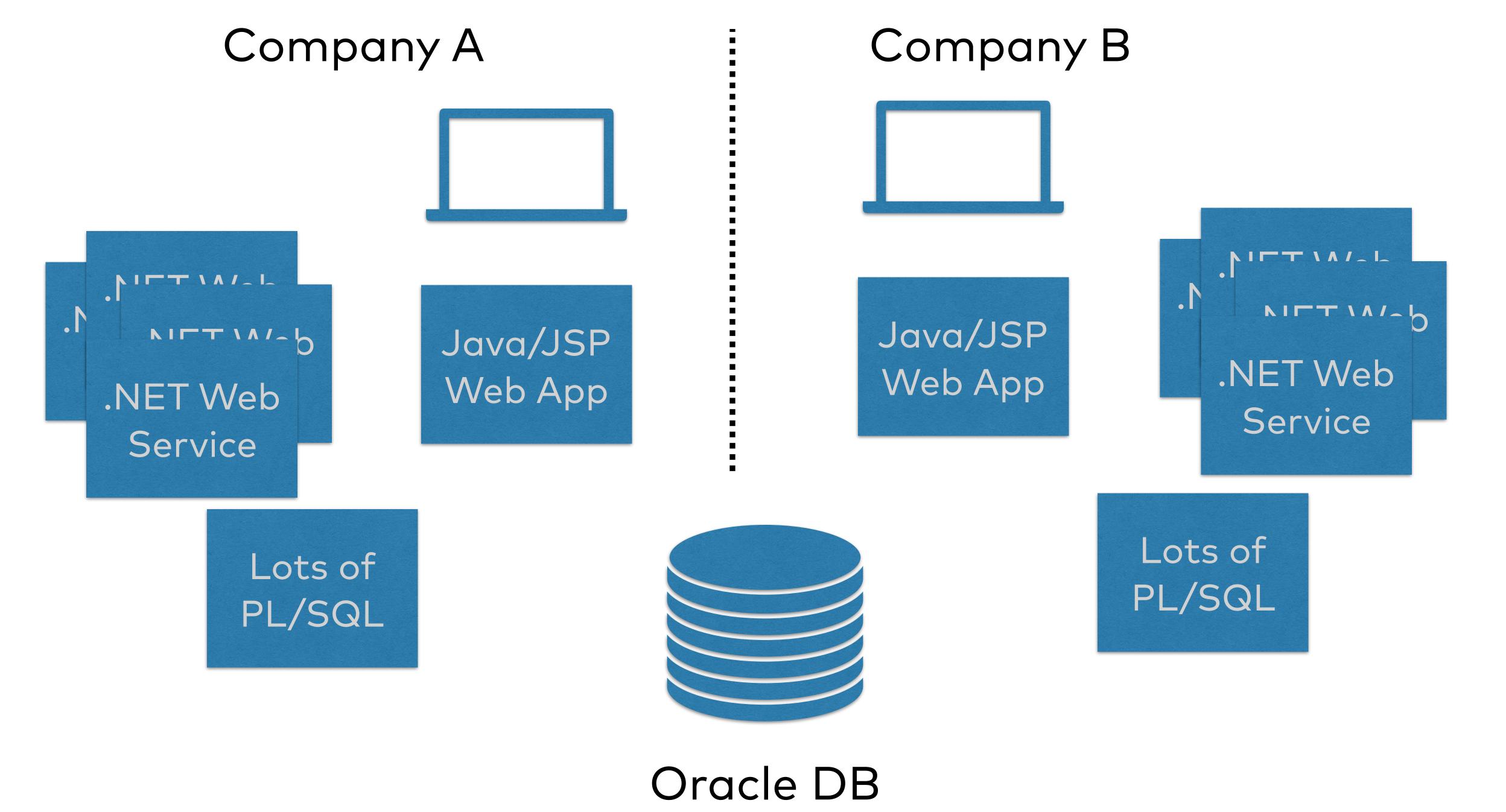


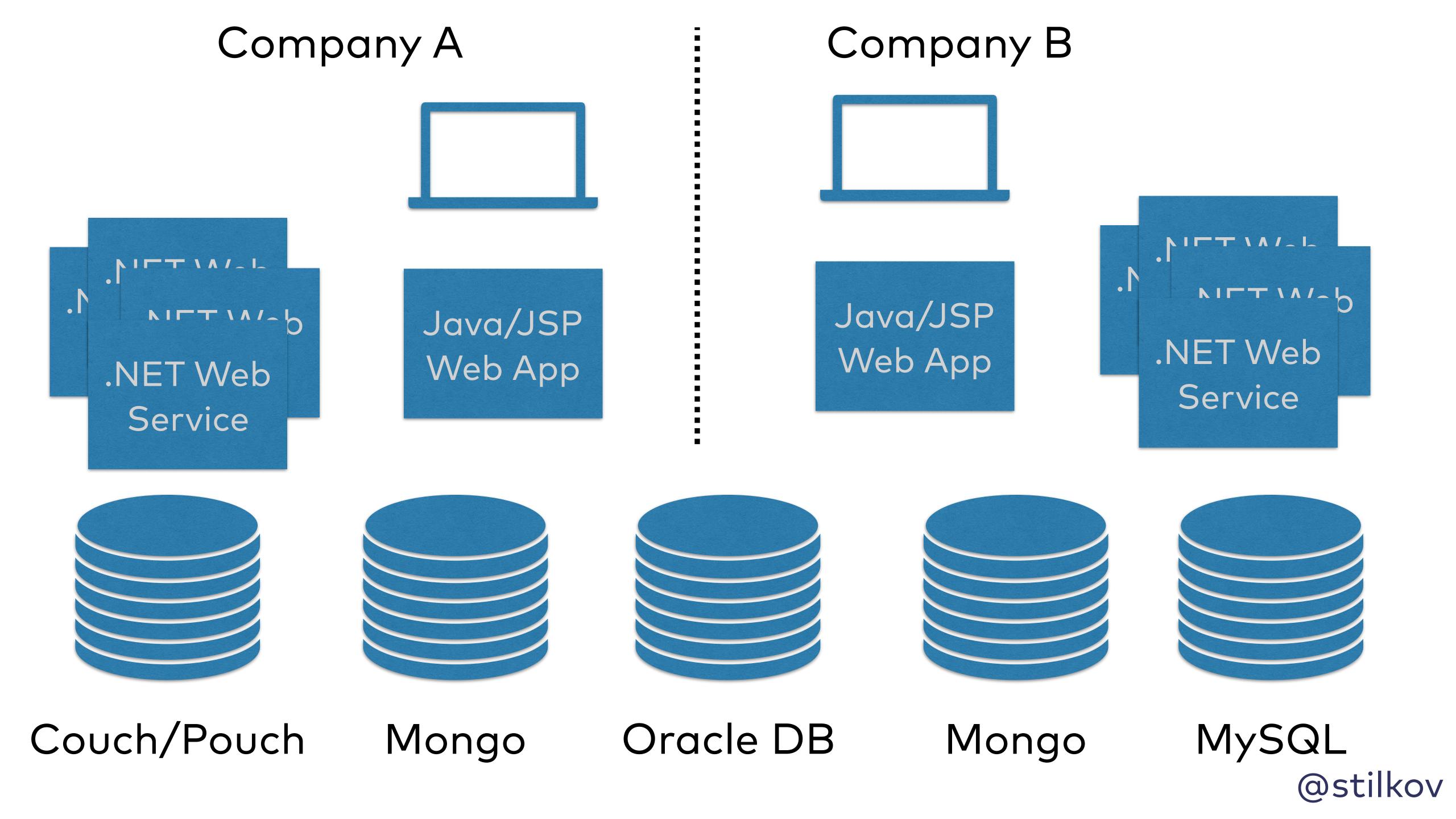


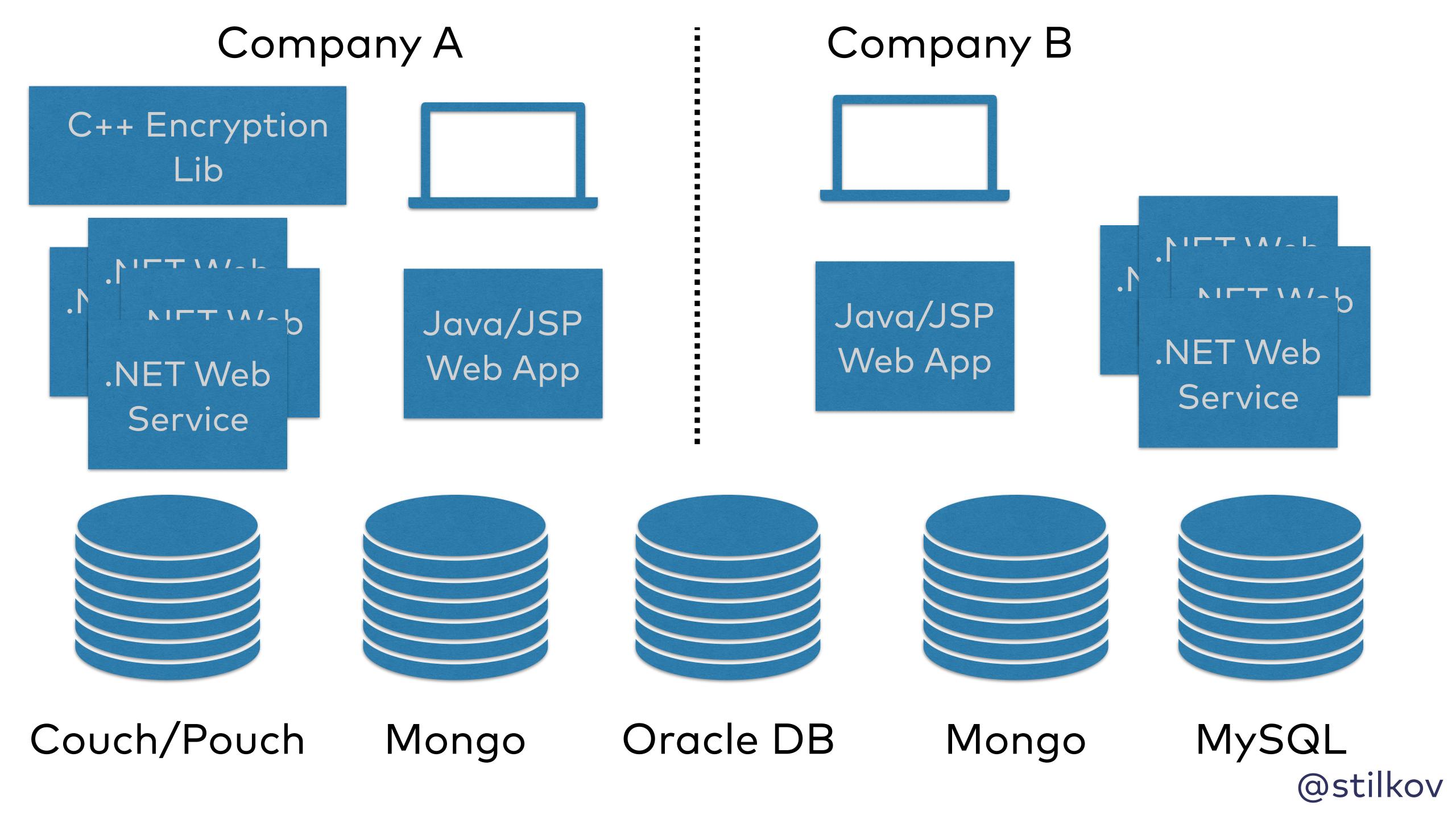












Lessons learned

- Successful systems often end up the worst architecture
- Unmanaged evolution will lead to complete chaos
- Don't be afraid of some light architectural governance

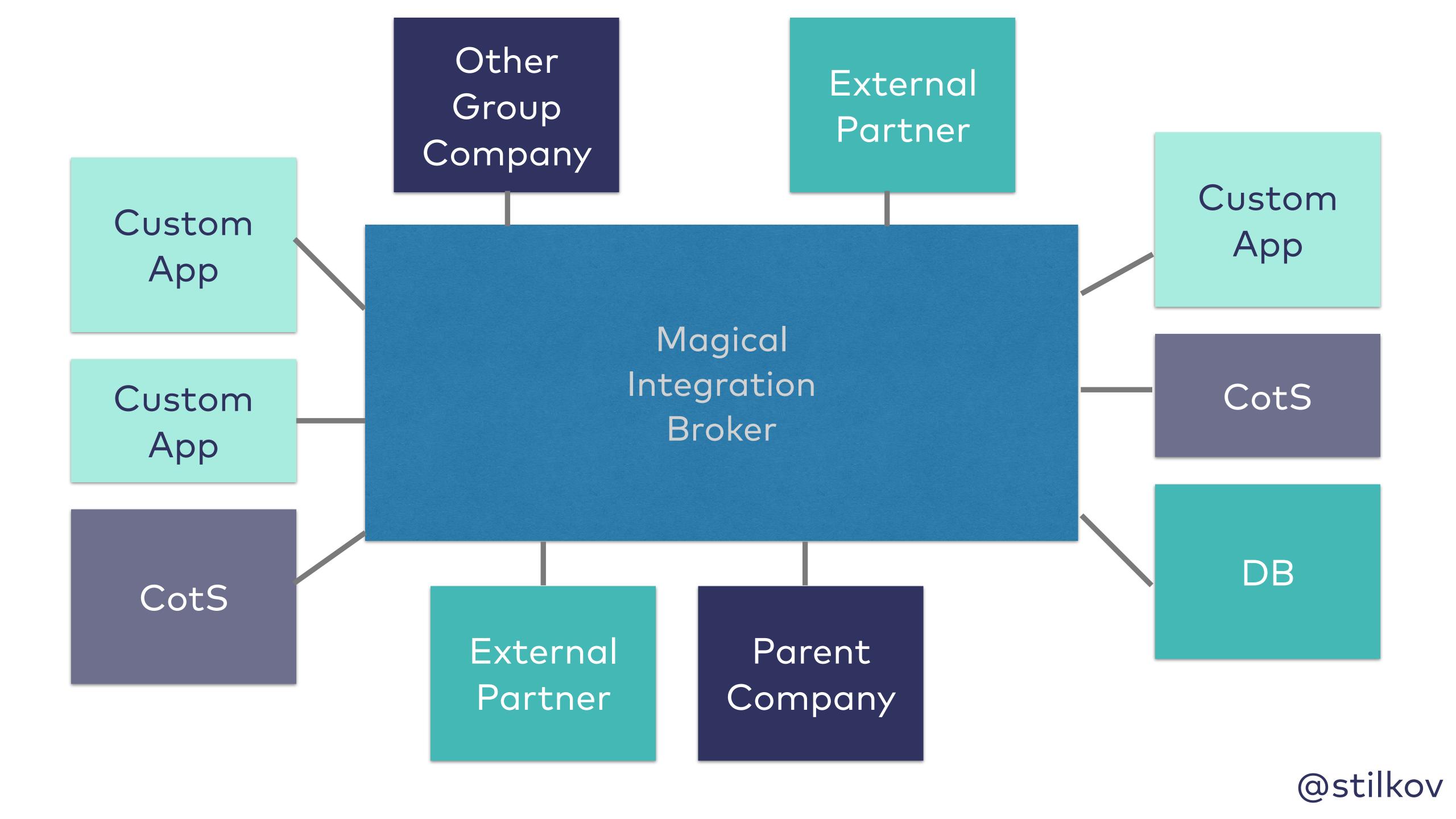


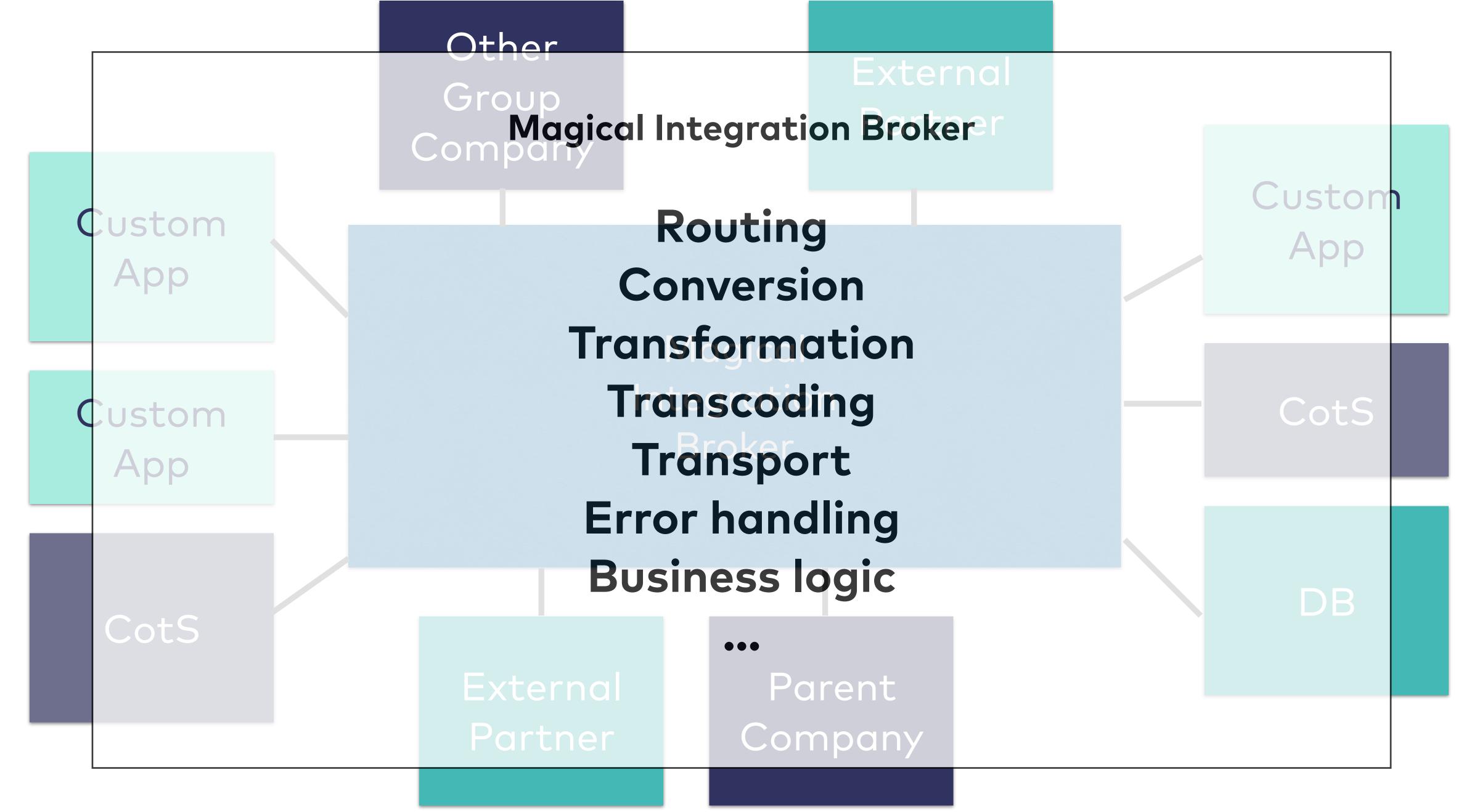
#6: Improve with less intelligence

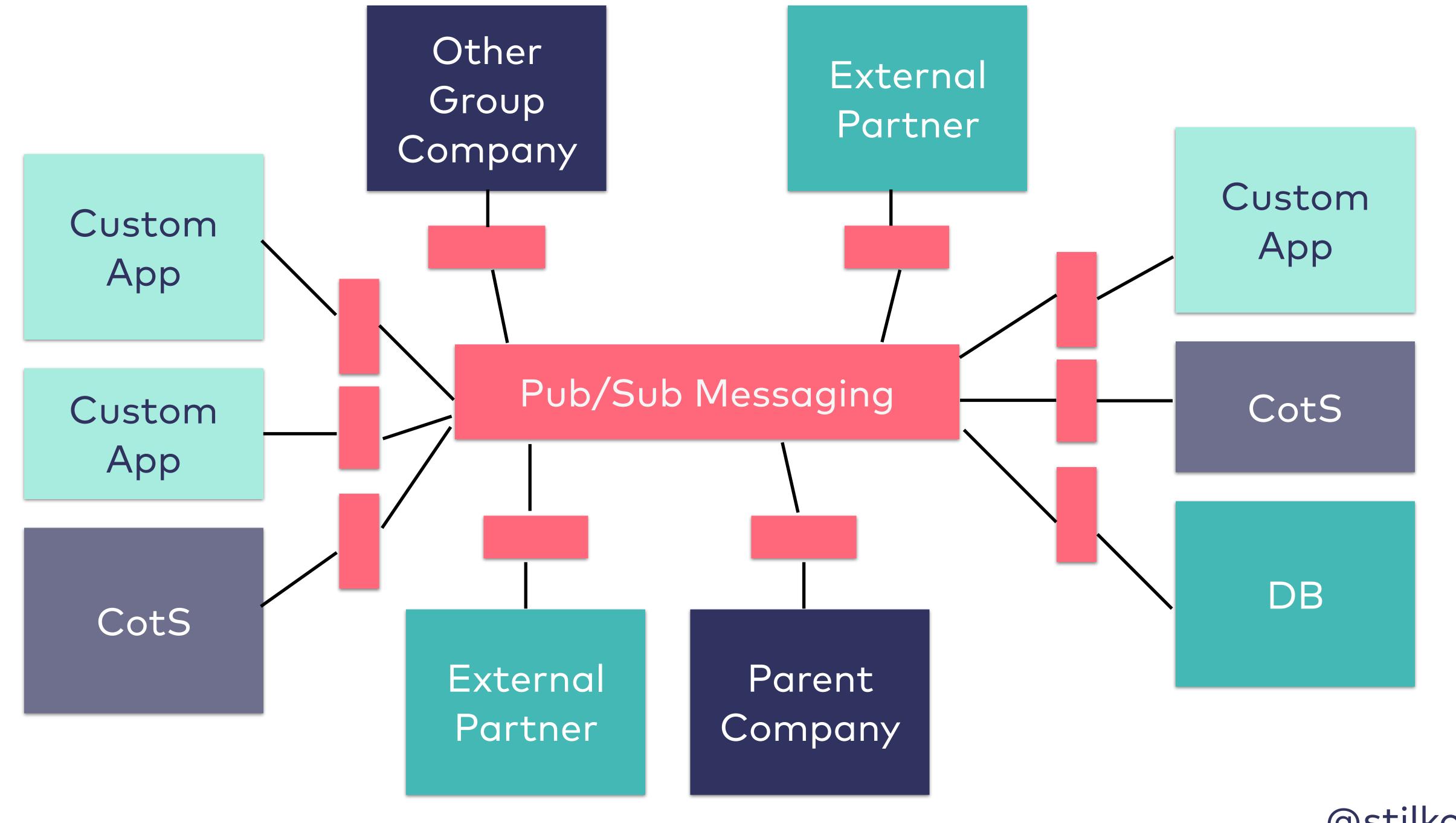
Context

- Bank with multiple CotS systems
- Highly proprietary integration solution phased out by vendor
- Project launched to replace commercial product with open source solution

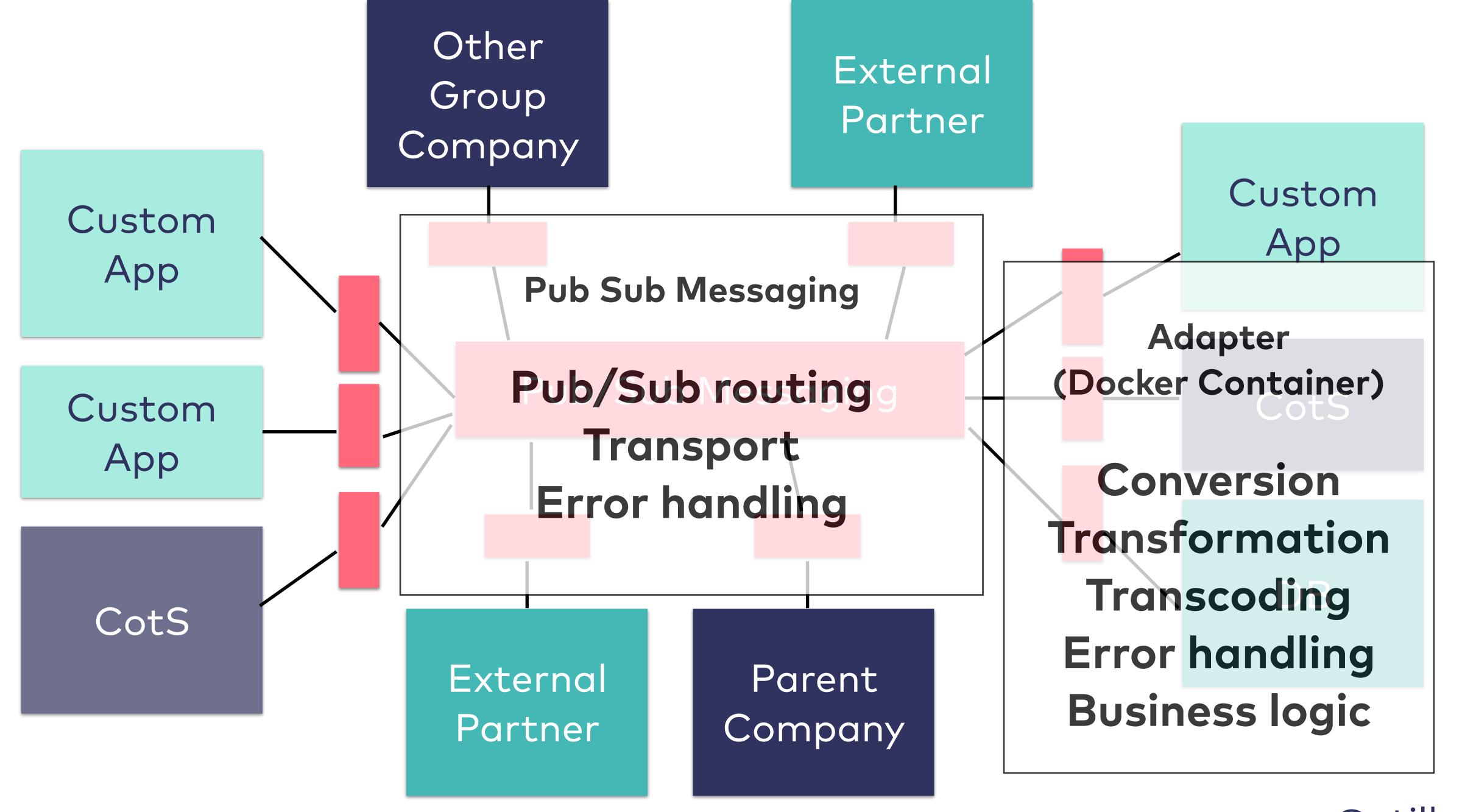








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Lessons learned

- Smart endpoints, dumb pipes (cf. Jim Webber)
- Value of specific over generic solutions
- Micro architecture with blueprints



Takeaways

Don't be afraid of architecture

2. Choose the simplest thing that will work

3. Create evolvable structures

4.
Manaa

Manage your system's architectural evolution

5.

Don't build road blocks – create value and get out of the way

That's all lave. Thanks for listening!

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Growing architectural maturity means less guidance and rules are needed



The more experienced you are at (active and passive) architectural governance, the less you can do of it

